

Proposed by Miroslav Tanushev.

November 1-8

Let ABC be an isosceles triangle with BC = CA and $\angle BCA = 20^{\circ}$. Points D and E are on the sides BC and CA, respectively, and they satisfy that $\angle DAB = 50^{\circ}$ and $\angle ABE = 60^{\circ}$. Find, with proof, the exact value of the angle $\angle DEB$.

Deadline: November 8, 2004 before 9:00 PM.

Look for the "Problem of the Week" every Monday in the Daily Sundial (Daily Spotlight section) or in our web site **www.csun.edu/math/probweek**

<u>Rules</u>:

- 1. Open to all enrolled undergraduate and graduate CSUN students.
- 2. The first complete and correct solution will be awarded a diploma and the choice of a "Brain Benders" puzzle set or a five dollar prize.
- 3. The winner solution and the names of the authors of all correct solutions will be published in our web site (**www.csun.edu/math/probweek**). All authors whose solutions are complete and correct will receive certificates.
- 4. All solutions must be typed and sent electronically. PDF, Latex, or Word files are preferred.
- 5. All steps of the solution must be clearly justified.
- 6. Email your solution with subject "Problem of the week" to Bernardo.Abrego@csun.edu
- 7. Late solutions will not be considered.
- 8. For any questions contact the organizers

Bernardo.Abrego@csun.edu, Silvia.Fernandez@csun.edu

If you like puzzles and challenging problems ... join the Mathematics Department Problem Solving Workshop. We meet every Friday at 2:00 PM in FOB room 108. For more information visit our web site: www.csun.edu/math/workshop.